

UNSOPHISTICATION IS THE ULTIMATE SOPHISTICATION

Master AS Z

AUTOMATED DUAL SIMULTANEOUS INJECTION

UTMOST PRODUCTIVITY AND SELECTIVITY

THROUGH SIMPLICITY



Master AS 2

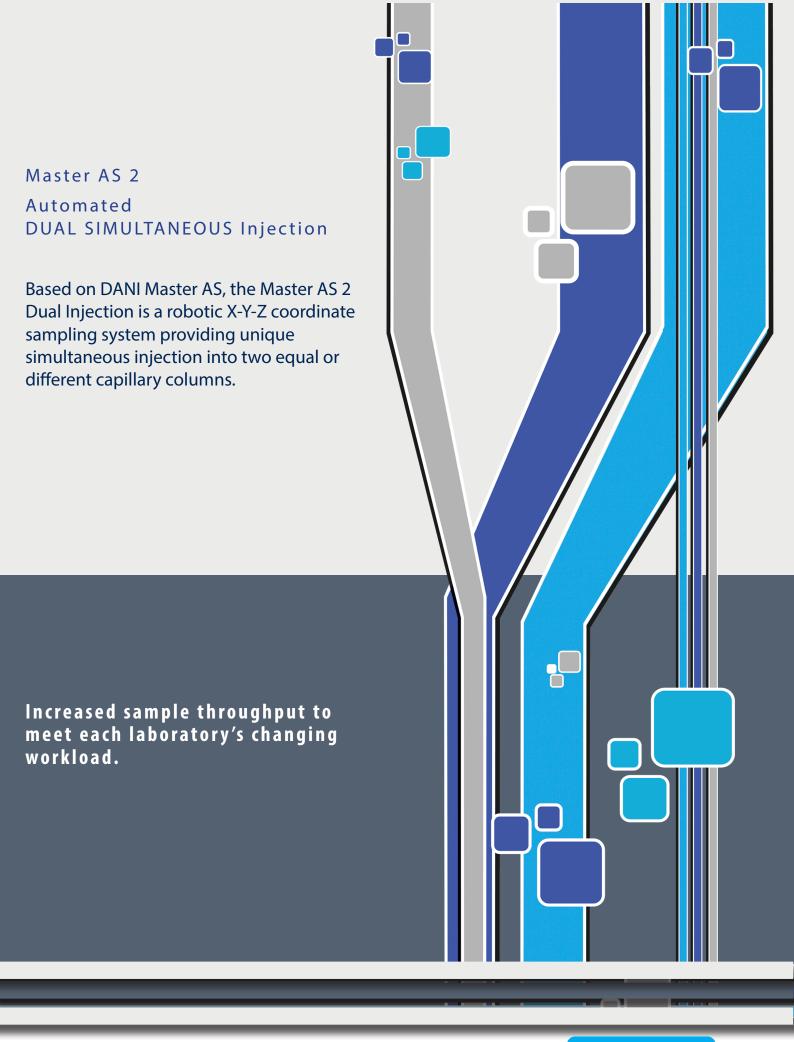
Automated Dual Injection

Master AS 2 Automated DUAL SIMULTANEOUS Injection

Dual Simultaneous Injection into two capillary columns at the same time

Autosamplers can significantly augment Result Repeatability and Extend Analytical Capabilities.

The Master AS 2 Double Injection provides improved **Productivity** and **Flexibility**.





he Master AS Liquid Autosampler and Master AS2 Double Injection allow to process vials sequentially and unattended with enhanced precision and accuracy, providing increased sample throughput and decreased cost per sample.

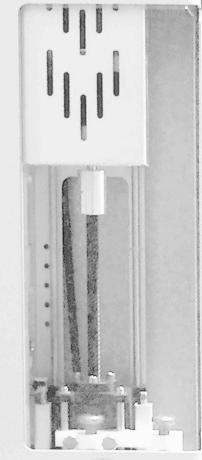
The easy-to-use liquid autosamplers are totally controlled through the Master GC touchscreen. Analysis can be performed unattended by using the straightforward interface to set all parameters and the AS sequence.

Unlike built-in rack autosamplers, the extremely flexible **Master AS** and **Master AS** 2 autosamplers feature three separate and removable 2-mL vial racks for a total capacity of 160 samples.

10mL solvent and waste vials can be used allowing numerous solvent possibilities to eliminate carry-over. Additionally, the sample trays are delocalized from the GC oven, preventing possible sample degradation and solvent evaporation caused by heat exposure.

All injection parameters can be optimized according to the laboratory's needs, the sample type, and the application. Up to seven different syringe capacity from $5\mu L$ to $500\mu L$ can be used offering a great choice of injection volumes.

The Master AS autosamplers present unmatched injection capabilities. The same vial can be sampled up to 100 times and the sample can be introduced into three different injectors without requiring autosampler re-alignment or any calibration procedure.





Automation for Accurate Results



lexibility & Productivity

Double Productivity: through two trays of 80 2mL vials each

Wide range of syringes available: 5, 10, 25, 50, 100, 250, 500 μL

Injection volume range: 0.1 μL - 500 μL

Priority Sequence

Internal Standard Addition

he Master AS Double Injection provide increased Precision and Accuracy through several key implementations:

Parameter Controls:

Pre- and post- injection solvent washing Sample vial depth, Injection depth Plunger sampling and injection speed, Solvent plug volume,

Air plug volume

Internal standard addition,

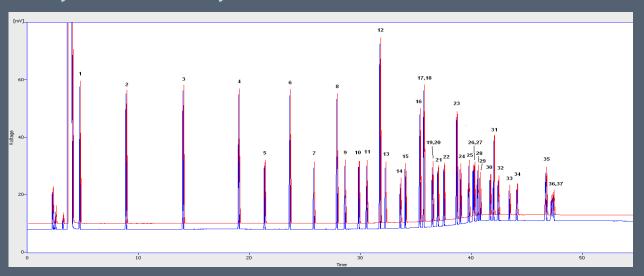
Sample/Internal standard rinse
Syringe strokes before injection
Pre- and post- injection delay
Viscosity delay
Sample volume

System robustness and internal design simplicity are combined to ideally perform routine and research laboratory workload providing fast, reliable, and accurate analysis.



he demand of increased productivity is more and more frequent in modern laboratories along with high reproducibility and repeatability requirements.

Fatty Acid Methyl Esters



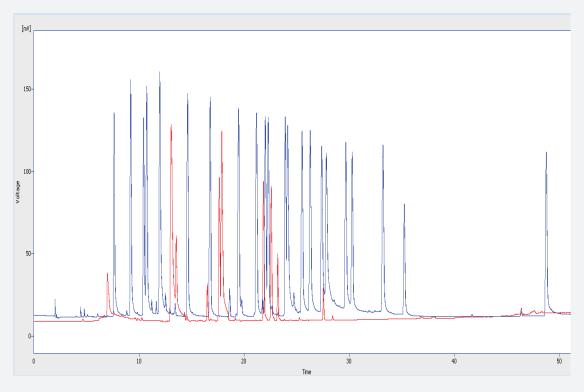
The Master AS – Dual Injection allows two samples to be simultanously injected into two differents channels, therefore performing two analyses at the same time. The determination of FAMEs demostrates the Master AS Dual Injection performance. The run time of this analysis is about 55 minutes, therefore a laboratory can process around 25 samples a day. Thanks to Dual Injection Mode, 50 analyses have been run with excellent results in terms of area and retention time repeatability

#	FAME	RT Det A	RT Det B	RT St.Dev. Det A	RT St.Dev. Det B	Area % St.Dev. Det A	Area % St.Dev. Det B
1	Methyl Butyrate	4.717	4.780	0.0062	0.0032	3.11%	3.16%
2	Methyl Hexanoate	8.898	8.961	0.0035	0.0051	3.57%	2.87%
3	Methyl Octanoate	14.021	14.084	0.0044	0.0022	3.69%	2.99%
4	Methyl Decanoate	19.029	19.092	0.0051	0.0063	3.95%	3.53%
5	Methyl Undecanoate	21.376	21.439	0.0030	0.0071	3.96%	3.71%
6	Methyl Laurate	23.641	23.704	0.0028	0.0048	3.99%	3.61%
7	Methyl Tridecanoate	25.791	25.854	0.0045	0.0034	3.86%	3.52%
8	Methyl Tetradecanoate	27.876	27.939	0.0063	0.0035	3.85%	3.38%
9	Myristoleic Acid Methyl Ester	28.591	28.654	0.0074	0.0027	3.85%	3.38%
10	Methyl Pentadecanoate	29.849	29.912	0.0021	0.0060	3.81%	3.25%
11	cis-10-Pentadecenoic Acid Methyl Ester	30.554	30.619	0.0036	0.0055	3.81%	3.26%
12	Methyl Palmitate	31.777	31.842	0.0051	0.0036	3.73%	3.12%
13	Methyl Palmitoleate	32.229	32.294	0.0033	0.0029	3.57%	3.22%
14	Methyl Heptadecanoate	33.578	33.643	0.0076	0.0061	3.16%	2.95%
15	cis-10-Heptadecenoic Acid Methyl Ester	34.038	34.103	0.0064	0.0047	3.37%	2.94%
16	Methyl Octadecanoate	35.357	35.422	0.0033	0.0028	3.16%	3.18%
17	trans-9-Elaidic Acid Methyl Ester	35.702	35.767	0.0058	0.0066	3.37%	3.07%
18	cis-9-Oleic Acid Methyl Ester						
19	Linolelaidic Acid Methyl Ester	36.454	36.519	0.0050	0.0029	3.00%	3.18%
20	Methyl Linoleate	36.517	36.582	0.0022	0.0055	3.34%	3.27%
21	Methyl Arachidate	36.962	37.027	0.0039	0.0079	3.19%	3.35%
22	gamma-Linolenic Acid Methyl Ester	37.523	37.596	0.0073	0.0082	3.23%	3.23%
23	Methyl cis-11-Eicosenoate	38.683	38.756	0.0071	0.0068	3.43%	3.32%
24	Methyl Linolenate	38.996	39.069	0.0057	0.0052	3.29%	3.17%
25	Methyl Heneicosanoate	39.741	39.814	0.0045	0.0049	3.31%	3.37%
26	cis-11,14-Eicosadienoic Acid Methyl Ester	40.167	40.240	0.0039	0.0067	3.83%	4.04%
27	Methyl Docosanoate	40.249	40.322	0.0036	0.0044	2.89%	3.17%
28	cis-8,11,14-Eicosatrienonic Acid Methyl Ester	40.540	40.613	0.0022	0.0026	3.35%	3.19%
29	Methyl Erucate	40.788	40.861	0.0026	0.0020	3.34%	3.33%
30	cis-11,14,17-Eicosatrienoic Acid Methyl Ester	41.691	41.764	0.0034	0.0019	3.32%	3.05%
31	Methyl Tricosanoate	42.003	42.076	0.0071	0.0028	3.62%	3.64%
32	Methyl cis-5,8,11,14-Eicosa- tetranoic	42.417	42.495	0.0069	0.0044	3.50%	2.92%
33	cis-13-16-Docosadienoic Acid Methyl Ester	43.423	43.501	0.0062	0.0055	3.64%	3.25%
34	Methyl Lignocerate	44.090	44.168	0.0043	0.0068	3.68%	3.59%
35	Methyl cis-5,8,11,14,17-Eicosa- pentaenoate	46.717	46.795	0.0044	0.0088	3.90%	3.49%
36	Methyl Nervonate	47.221	47.299	0.0038	0.0050	3.71%	3.80%
37	All cis-4-7-10-13-16-19-Doco- sahexaennoate	47.381	47.459	0.0067	0.0062	3.44%	3.92%

Nitro/phosphorous and Organochloride Pesticides

Chlorinated and nitrogen/phosphorus compounds are determined by two selective detectors (ECD and NPD).

These two different channels/detectors allow different classes of compounds to be simultaneously detected without affecting sensitivity like in systems where flow is split in two columns.



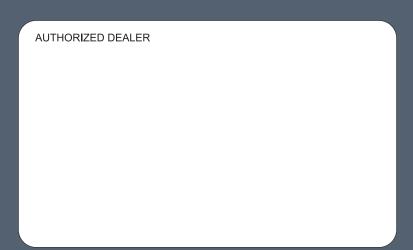
ECD [in red] and NPD [in blue] chromatogram

Nitro/Phosphorus Pesticides			
Tionazine			
Phorate			
Diazinone			
CH3-Parathion			
Parathion			
Quinalphos			
Metidathion			
Phosdrin			
honophos			
Pirimiphos			

Organochloride Pesticides					
Aldrin					
alpha-BHC					
beta-BHC					
Lindane					
delta-BHC					
delta-BHC					
gamma-Chlordane					
4,4'-DDE					
1,1-Dichloro-2,2-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethane					
4,4'-DDT					
Decachlorobiphenyl					
Dieldrin					
alpha-Endosulfan					
beta-Endosulfan					
beta-Endosulfan					
Endrin					
Endrin Aldehyde					
Endrin Ketone					
Heptachlor					
Heptachlor Exo-Epoxide					
Methoxychlor					
2,4,5,6.Tetrachloro-m-xylene					







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